

## Year 6 Planning grid

---

### Introduction

This document is designed to help you to match activities from the *Mult-e-Maths* strand discs with the renewed *Primary Framework*.

The planning grid lists all the Year 6 learning objectives from the *Primary Framework* arranged in the seven Framework strands:

- Using and applying mathematics
- Counting and understanding number
- Knowing and using number facts
- Calculating
- Understanding shape
- Measuring
- Handling data

End-of-year expectations are given in **bold**.

Some 'Year 6 progression to Year 7' objectives are also included. These are given in *italic*.

Each *Mult-e-Maths* activity is matched to the Framework learning objective it links to most closely. In some cases a *Mult-e-Maths* activity now better matches a different year group from that given in its activity reference, e.g. the finding differences between positive and negative integers concepts discussed in 'AS5L2: Temperature differences' are now better suited to the Year 6 learning objectives. Such activities are marked in the planning grid with an asterisk, e.g. \* **MD5L2 Temperature differences**

*Mult-e-Maths* lessons and starters are referenced in the planning grid by the strand CD-ROM they were included on and by their activity number:

**FD** refers to the Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion strand

**NS** refers to the Numbers and the Number System strand

**AD** refers to Additions and Subtraction strand

**MD** refers to Multiplication and Division strand

**SS** refers to Measures, Shape, Space and Handling Data strand

**SP** refers to the Solving Problems strand

**AS6S1** refers to Addition and Subtraction Year 6 Starter 1

**AS6L1** refers to Addition and Subtraction Year 6 Lesson 1

For ease of reference, all lessons are highlighted are in grey.

We are developing a fully revised edition of *Mult-e-Maths* matched to the renewed Primary Framework. For further information about this please call the Education Information Line on 01223 325013, or email [educustserve@cambridge.org](mailto:educustserve@cambridge.org)

<b>Using and applying</b>	
<b>Learning objectives</b>	<b>Multi-e-Maths Starters and Lessons</b>
Solve multi-step problems, and problems involving fractions, decimals and percentages; choose and use appropriate calculation strategies at each stage, including calculator use	<b>SP6L1 Dartboard problems</b> Investigating ways of adding multiples of numbers to make a given total
	<b>SP6L4 Fraction and decimal problems</b> Investigating equivalent fractions and decimals
	<b>SP6L5 Adding decimals</b> Solving problems involving adding and ordering decimals
	<b>SP6L6 Perimeter and area investigations</b> Investigating the perimeter and area of compound shapes made up of rectangles
	<b>SP6L8 Using a calculator</b> Using a calculator to solve problems
	<b>SP6L9 Percentages</b> Solving problems involving percentages
	<b>MD6L12 Solving real life problems</b> Solving single-step and multi-step problems that involve some multiplication or division
	<b>MD6L14 Division and decimals</b> Using a calculator to solve division problems that involve numbers with up to two decimal places
Tabulate systematically the information in a problem or puzzle; identify and record the steps or calculations needed to solve it, using symbols where appropriate; interpret solutions in the original context and check their accuracy	<b>SP6L7 Scales and graphs</b> Reading scales and interpreting graphs and bar charts to solve measurement problems
	<b>SS6L11 Solving time problems</b> Creating a timeline and a timetable using 24-hour clock times
Suggest, plan and develop lines of enquiry; collect, organise and represent information, interpret results and review methods; identify and answer related questions	<b>SP6L2 Multiplication problems</b> Solving problems involving multiplication
	<b>SP6L3 Magic shapes</b> Arranging numbers along the lines forming a shape so that the three numbers along each line have the same total
	<b>SP6L10 Using tables and bar charts</b> Extracting data from tables and bar charts to solve problems
Represent and interpret sequences, patterns and relationships involving numbers and shapes; suggest and test hypotheses; construct and use simple expressions and formulae in words then symbols (e.g. the cost of c pens at 15 pence each is 15c pence)	<b>NS6S3 Using square numbers</b> Exploring patterns between square numbers and multiplication facts
	<b>NS6S6 Investigating doubles</b> Investigating whether doubles of 2-digit numbers are odd or even, and identifying numbers with doubles that are multiples of 4
	<b>NS6S14 Properties of numbers</b> Identifying numbers that have one, two or three given properties
	<b>NS6S15 What's my number?</b> Asking questions to identify a number
	<b>NS6L3 Triangular numbers</b> Investigating the sequence of triangular numbers
	<b>NS6L6 Odd or even?</b> Using visual representations to illustrate general statements about calculating with odd and even numbers
	<b>NS6L12 Finding a rule or formula</b> Describing, extending and explaining number sequences, based on patterns, in words and using a formula
	<b>MD6S16 Investigating the sum of products</b> Investigating how to arrange given numbers in a sum of two products to produce the largest and smallest answers

<p>Explain reasoning and conclusions, using words, symbols or diagrams as appropriate</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>All of the lessons above link to this objective</b></p>
<p><b>Counting and understanding number</b></p>	
<p><b>Learning objectives</b></p>	<p><b>Mult-e-Maths Starters and Lessons</b></p>
<p>Find the difference between a positive and a negative integer, or two negative integers, in context</p>	<p><b>NS6S5 Positive and negative numbers</b> Identifying positive and negative numbers with the greatest difference</p>
	<p><b>NS6L5 Positive and negative numbers</b> Moving from finding differences in the context of temperature to finding the difference between any integers (positive and negative)</p>
	<p><b>AS6S5 Finding differences</b> Calculating rises and falls between pairs of temperatures, that include at least one negative temperature</p>
	<p><b>* AS5L2 Temperature differences</b> Finding differences between pairs of temperatures, including negative temperatures</p>
<p>Use decimal notation for tenths, hundredths and thousandths; partition, round and order decimals with up to three places, and position them on the number line</p>	<p><b>NS6L2 Decimals on a number line</b> Using knowledge of place value to estimate the position of decimals on undivided number lines</p>
	<p><b>NS6S9 Rounding</b> Estimating and rounding numbers on an undivided number line</p>
	<p><b>FD6S8 Sort by rounding</b> Rounding a set of decimals with one or two places to the nearest whole number or tenth</p>
	<p><b>FD6S9 Comparing distances</b> Comparing two distances with up to two decimal places</p>
	<p><b>FD6S10 Zap the digits</b> Using a calculator to change a decimal number to zero, digit by digit</p>
	<p><b>FD6S11 Place value bingo</b> A bingo game involving recognition of the value of each digit in a number with three decimal places</p>
	<p><b>FD6S17 Decimal positions</b> Ordering decimals with either one or two decimal places or a mixture of both</p>
	<p><b>FD6L7 Tenths, hundredths, thousandths</b> Positioning and identifying numbers with up to three places of decimals on a number line</p>
	<p><b>FD6L8 Rounding decimals</b> Rounding decimals with up to two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to the nearest tenth</p>
	<p><b>FD6L9 Ordering decimals</b> Ordering mixed sets of measures or decimal numbers with up to three decimal places</p>
<p>Express a larger whole number as a fraction of a smaller one (e.g. recognise that 8 slices of a 5-slice pizza represents <math>\frac{8}{5}</math> or <math>1\frac{3}{5}</math> pizzas); simplify fractions by cancelling common factors; order a set of fractions by converting them to fractions with a common denominator</p>	<p><b>FD6S3 Ordering fractions</b> Ordering up to five fractions</p>
	<p><b>* FD5S4 Order fractions</b> Ordering familiar fractions on a number line</p>
	<p><b>FD6L2 Simplest forms</b> Reducing fractions to simplest forms by cancelling common factors</p>

Express a larger whole number as a fraction of a smaller one (e.g. recognise that 8 slices of a 5-slice pizza represents $\frac{8}{5}$ or $1\frac{3}{5}$ pizzas); simplify fractions by cancelling common factors; order a set of fractions by converting them to fractions with a common denominator <b>(continued)</b>	<b>FD6L3 Ordering fractions</b> Ordering fractions by converting them to fractions with a common denominator
	<b>FD6L4 Mixed numbers</b> Converting improper fractions to mixed numbers and vice versa
<b>Express one quantity as a percentage of another (e.g. express £400 as a percentage of £1000); find equivalent percentages, decimals and fractions</b>	<b>FD6S12 Equivalent pairs</b> Matching pairs of decimal and fraction equivalents in the traditional game of pelmanism
	<b>FD6S14 Percentage bingo</b> Matching equivalent fractions and percentages in a game of bingo
	<b>FD6S19 Odd one out</b> Identifying which fraction, decimal or percentage out of three is not equivalent to the other two
	<b>FD6L11 Fraction and decimal equivalences</b> Converting decimals to fractions and mixed numbers and vice versa, using a number line for support
	<b>FD6L12 Calculator conversions</b> Using a calculator to convert fractions to their decimal equivalents
	<b>FD6L14 Percentages and fractions</b> Converting simple fractions to percentages and vice versa
	<b>FD6L15 Percentages, fractions and decimals</b> Finding decimal and fraction equivalents to decimals and solving percentage problems
Solve simple problems involving direct proportion by scaling quantities up or down	<b>FD6S18 Showing ratios and proportions</b> Colouring a grid of squares in a given ratio or proportion
	<b>FD6L6 Ratio and proportion</b> Investigating ideas of ratio and proportion in different contexts
<b>Knowing and using number facts</b>	
<b>Learning objectives</b>	<b>Mult-e-Maths Starters and Lessons</b>
<b>Use knowledge of place value and multiplication facts to <math>10 \times 10</math> to derive related multiplication and division facts involving decimals (e.g. <math>0.8 \times 7</math>, <math>4.8 \div 6</math>)</b>	<b>MD6S2 Doubling and halving decimals</b> Finding doubles and halves of decimals
	<b>MD6S10 Decimal jumps</b> Multiplying single-digit numbers by decimals, with tenths only
	* <b>FD5S10 Multiplying decimals</b> Multiplying decimals and recording the result
Use knowledge of multiplication facts to derive quickly squares of numbers to $12 \times 12$ and the corresponding squares of multiples of 10	* <b>NS5L4 Square numbers</b> Investigating square numbers
Recognise that prime numbers have only two factors and identify prime numbers less than 100; find the prime factors of two-digit numbers	<b>NS6S7 Prime factors</b> Identifying prime factors of numbers to 100
	<b>NS6L8 Spot the prime</b> Identifying numbers with exactly two factors, the number itself and 1, as prime numbers
	<b>NS6L11 Factor trees</b> Finding prime factors

<p><b>Year 6 progression to Year 7</b>  <i>Consolidate rapid recall of number facts, including multiplication facts to <math>10 \times 10</math> and the associated division facts</i></p>	<p><b>MD6S1 Multiplication facts</b>                  Recalling multiplication facts</p>
<p><b>Year 6 progression to Year 7</b>  <i>Recognise and use multiples, factors, divisors, common factors, highest common factors and lowest common multiples in simple cases</i></p>	<p><b>NS6S8 Common multiples</b>                  Identifying common multiples</p> <p><b>MD6S9 Shared products</b>                  Using known multiplication facts to find products that are common to two numbers</p>
<p>Use approximations, inverse operations and tests of divisibility to estimate and check results</p>	<p><b>NS6S13 Estimating calculations</b>                  Approximating answers to additions and multiplications</p>
<p>Use approximations, inverse operations and tests of divisibility to estimate and check results  <b>(continued)</b></p>	<p><b>MD6S6 Estimating answers to divisions</b>                  Using knowledge of multiplication facts and/or rounding to estimate the answers to divisions</p> <p><b>AS6S8 Estimating money amounts</b>                  Rounding and estimating amounts of money</p> <p><b>FD6S4 What's the remainder?</b>                  Working out remainders when dividing</p> <p><b>NS6L7 Divisibility tests</b>                  Finding and applying tests of divisibility for 3, 6 and 9</p> <p><b>NS6L9 Rounding to estimate</b>                  Exploring the effect of rounding an integer to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000 on the estimate of a calculation</p> <p><b>NS6L10 Estimating answers</b>                  Using estimating to spot incorrect answers to calculations</p>
<p><b>Calculating</b></p>	
<p><b>Learning objectives</b></p>	<p><b>Mult-e-Maths Starters and Lessons</b></p>
<p>Calculate mentally with integers and decimals: <math>U.t \pm U.t</math>, <math>TU \times U</math>, <math>TU \div U</math>, <math>U.t \times U</math>, <math>U.t \div U</math></p>	<p><b>AS6L2 Adding several numbers</b>                  Choosing an efficient strategy for adding several whole numbers or several decimals with one decimal place</p> <p><b>AS6L3 Approximating, then adjusting</b>                  Practising adding and subtracting the nearest multiple of 10, 100 or 1000 and adjusting by 1 and applying the method to decimals with one decimal place</p> <p><b>AS6L4 Calculating with decimals</b>                  Using a range of strategies to calculate with decimals</p> <p><b>MD6S4 Multiplying by teens</b>                  Using known multiplication facts to find larger multiples</p> <p><b>MD6S5 Consolidating mental calculation</b>                  Practising mental multiplication and division of integers and decimals</p> <p><b>MD6S15 Multiplying by partitioning</b>                  Using partitioning to multiply 2-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers</p> <p><b>MD6L1 Making larger multiples</b>                  Using known multiplication facts up to <math>10 \times 10</math> to find multiplication facts for larger numbers</p> <p><b>MD6L4 Splitting numbers</b>                  Multiplying 2- and 3-digit integers, and 2-digit decimals with one decimal place, by breaking them into manageable parts</p>

Calculate mentally with integers and decimals: $U.t \pm U.t$ , $TU \times U$ , $TU \div U$ , $U.t \times U$ , $U.t \div U$ ( <b>continued</b> )	<b>MD6L8 Related calculations with decimals</b> Using the relationship between multiplication and division with decimal numbers
	<b>NS6S12 Decimal count</b> Describing and continuing number sequences with decimal fraction step sizes
	<b>FD6S7 Decimal counting</b> Counting on and back in decimal fraction steps
<b>Year 6 progression to Year 7</b> <i>Understand how the commutative, associative and distributive laws, and the relationships between operations, including inverse operations, can be used to calculate more efficiently; use the order of operations, including brackets</i>	<b>MD6L2 Using doubling and halving</b> Using doubling and halving to multiply larger numbers
	<b>MD6L3 Egyptian and Russian multiplication</b> Using methods involving doubling and halving to multiply larger numbers
	<b>MD6L7 Related calculations</b> Using the relationship between multiplication and division to help with calculating
	<b>MD6L9 Using factors</b> Using factors to help multiply pairs of 2-digit numbers
<b>Year 6 progression to Year 7</b> <i>Consolidate and extend mental methods of calculation to include decimals, fractions and percentages</i>	<b>AS6S2 Adding decimals</b> Working mentally to find missing decimals in addition sentences
	<b>AS6S4 Complements to 1</b> Finding pairs of decimal fractions with two decimal places to make 1
	<b>AS6S7 Differences in measures</b> Finding differences between pairs of lengths written in decimal notation
	<b>AS6S9 Calculating mentally</b> Using a range of mental calculation strategies to solve problems
<b>Use efficient written methods to add and subtract integers and decimals, to multiply and divide integers and decimals by a one-digit integer, and to multiply two-digit and three-digit integers by a two-digit integer</b>	<b>AS6L5 Written addition</b> Refining the written method of column addition and deciding when to use it
	<b>AS6L6 Written subtraction</b> Refining the written method of column subtraction and deciding when to use it
	<b>AS6L7 Adding and subtracting decimals</b> Relating written and mental methods of adding and subtracting whole numbers to decimals
	<b>MD6L5 Multiplication with decimals</b> Using pencil and paper methods to multiply decimal numbers by breaking them into their place value components
	<b>MD6L6 Using multiples with division</b> Developing an informal written method, for division of HTU by TU, that uses multiples of the divisor
	<b>MD6L10 Dividing decimals</b> Developing informal written methods to divide numbers with one decimal place by single-digit integers
	<b>MD6L11 The grid method of multiplication</b> Developing use of the grid method to multiply ThHTU by U and HTU by TU
Relate fractions to multiplication and division (e.g. $6 \div 2 = \frac{1}{2}$ of $6 = 6 \times \frac{1}{2}$ ); express a quotient as a fraction or decimal (e.g. $67 \div 5 = 13.4$ or $13\frac{2}{5}$ ); find fractions and percentages of whole-number quantities (e.g. $\frac{5}{8}$ of 96, 65% of £260)	<b>FD6S5 Finding fractions</b> Finding a unit fraction of a number that equals a given number
	<b>FD6S13 Which is bigger?</b> Comparing pairs of percentages of quantities
	<b>FD6S15 Parts of quantities</b> Identifying true and false statements about fractions and percentages of units of measure and money
	<b>FD6L5 Fractions of numbers and quantities</b> Calculating fractions of numbers and quantities

Relate fractions to multiplication and division (e.g. $6 \div 2 = \frac{1}{2}$ of $6 = 6 \times \frac{1}{2}$ ); express a quotient as a fraction or decimal (e.g. $67 \div 5 = 13.4$ or $13\frac{2}{5}$ ); find fractions and percentages of whole-number quantities (e.g. $\frac{5}{8}$ of 96, 65% of £260) <b>(continued)</b>	<b>FD6L13 Percentages of money</b> Finding simple percentages and using percentages that are known to deduce unknown percentages
	* <b>MD5S8 Divisions with decimal answers</b> Dividing whole numbers by single-digits to produce decimal answers, and checking answers using multiplication
	* <b>MD5L10 Remainders and fractions</b> Expressing remainders as fractions
Use a calculator to solve problems involving multi-step calculations	<b>MD6L13 Using the calculator's memory</b> Using the memory function of a calculator to solve multi-step problems that involve some multiplication or division
<b>Understanding shape</b>	
<b>Learning objectives</b>	<b>Mult-e-Maths Starters and Lessons</b>
Describe, identify and visualise parallel and perpendicular edges or faces and use these properties to classify 2-D shapes and 3-D solids	<b>SS6S1 Comparing 2-D shapes</b> Describing and comparing the properties of quadrilaterals
	<b>SS6S7 Sorting 3-D shapes</b> Sorting 3-D shapes in a Venn diagram according to three criteria
	<b>SS6L1 Quadrilaterals</b> Identifying the properties of quadrilaterals in order to name and classify them
	<b>SS6L2 3-D shapes</b> Visualising 3-D shapes from 2-D drawings
Make and draw shapes with increasing accuracy and apply knowledge of their properties	<b>SS6L4 Tangrams</b> Investigating how shapes fit together to make other shapes
<b>Visualise and draw on grids of different types where a shape will be after reflection, after translations, or after rotation through 90° or 180° about its centre or one of its vertices</b>	<b>SS6S3 Translating shapes</b> Giving the coordinates of a shape after translations and describing translations given the starting and finishing coordinates
	<b>SS6S6 Rotating shapes</b> Giving the coordinates of a shape after a rotation about a vertex
	<b>SS6L5 Rotation</b> Exploring rotations of shapes about one vertex
Use coordinates in the first quadrant to draw, locate and complete shapes that meet given properties	<b>SS6S2 Coordinates</b> Giving the coordinates of points to complete polygons
	<b>SS6L3 Drawing polygons</b> Using coordinates, or angles and side lengths, to draw polygons
Estimate angles, and use a protractor to measure and draw them, on their own and in shapes; calculate angles in a triangle or around a point	<b>SS6S4 Angles</b> Identifying and estimating acute and obtuse angles, and investigating the effect of changing the size of an angle in a right-angled triangle
	<b>SS6S5 Calculating angles</b> Calculating missing angles in triangles
<b>Measuring</b>	
<b>Learning objectives</b>	<b>Mult-e-Maths Starters and Lessons</b>
<b>Select and use standard metric units of measure and convert between units using decimals to two places (e.g. change 2.75 litres to 2750 ml, or vice versa)</b>	<b>SS6S10 Which units?</b> Suggesting suitable imperial and metric units to measure everyday objects
	<b>SS6L9 Comparing capacities?</b> Exploring the relationships between different standard measures for capacity

Read and interpret scales on a range of measuring instruments, recognising that the measurement made is approximate and recording results to a required degree of accuracy; compare readings on different scales, for example when using different instruments	<b>SS6S9 Measuring cylinder scales</b> Identifying the scale on a measuring cylinder and solving problems based on it
	<b>SS6L8 Recording mass</b> Solving problems involving mass and recording masses in different ways
<i><b>Year 6 progression to Year 7</b></i> <i><b>Solve problems by measuring, estimating and calculating; measure and calculate using imperial units still in everyday use; know their approximate metric values</b></i>	<b>SS6S11 Imperial and metric masses</b> Finding objects with approximately equal masses, using imperial and metric units
	<b>SS6S12 Time zones</b> Using a time zone map to identify the time in different parts of the world
	<b>SS6L6 Time and time zones</b> Introducing times around the world
Calculate the perimeter and area of rectilinear shapes; estimate the area of an irregular shape by counting squares	<b>SS6S8 Compound shapes</b> Calculating the perimeter and area of simple compound shapes with missing side lengths
	<b>SS6L7 Compound shapes</b> Calculating and comparing the areas and perimeters of compound shapes
<b>Handling data</b>	
<b>Learning objectives</b>	<b>Mult-e-Maths Starters and Lessons</b>
Describe and predict outcomes from data using the language of chance or likelihood	<b>SS6S15 Investigating chance</b> Investigating whether you are more likely to throw an odd or an even total score using two dice
	<b>SS6L12 Probability</b> Exploring probability
<b>Solve problems by collecting, selecting, processing, presenting and interpreting data, using ICT where appropriate; draw conclusions and identify further questions to ask</b>	<b>SS6L10 Interpreting data</b> Thinking about how to organise and interpret data
Construct and interpret frequency tables, bar charts with grouped discrete data, and line graphs; interpret pie charts	<b>SS6S13 Pounds and euros</b> Using a conversion graph to convert pounds to euros
Describe and interpret results and solutions to problems using the mode, range, median and mean	<b>SS6S14 Averages</b> Finding the mode, range, median and mean values of sets of data